

PI Narrative Report (2hrs) ~ David Hofheimer, DC ~ Back to Chiropractic CE Seminars

Instructions: Answer all questions and email answers to: marcusstrutzdc@gmail.com

Please **DO NOT** scan tests or test answers, simply just type answers in an email.

For Fill-in Questions: just write your answer.

For Multiple Choice Questions: list your answers, **letter choices only**, in a **NUMBERED vertical column**

Example:

1. A
2. B
3. C
4. The spinal column.

20 Questions. Choose the best answer according to the notes.

1. Good faith is ...
 - A. not interfering with the other party to a contract.
 - B. not doing what other people would consider to be bad behavior.
 - C. the duty each party to a contract owes to each other to assist the other to get the benefit of their bargain.
 - D. nothing of which to be concerned.
2. The major reason for settlements often being so low and unfair for a given situation is ...
 - A. the doctor's lack of adequate and proper documentation of patient's injuries.
 - B. patient's often not following the doctor's recommendations.
 - C. lack of patient compliance.
 - D. the doctor failing to obtain other treating doctors' chart notes
3. Some of the best general advice for writing narrative reports is to ...
 - A. write your own narrative reports in your own language, sounding like a doctor.
 - B. take several writing courses before starting to write your first narrative report.
 - C. don't think about it and just write.
 - D. find a good example and copy it.
4. The California Board of Chiropractic Examiners is mostly concerned with protecting consumers from a standpoint of doctor ...
 - A. competence (including aspects of both a lack of it as well as performance of at least a minimum acceptable level of competency), negligence, and insurance fraud.
 - B. competence (including aspects of both a lack of it as well as performance of at least a minimal acceptable level of competency).
 - C. negligence.
 - D. insurance fraud.
5. Fill-in Question. An example of what to include in a description of the mechanism of injury section is the direction of the patient's head and _____ just prior to impact.
6. The best organization for various complaints is as follows:
 - A. pre-existing complaints not worsened by the current accident, pre-existing complaint that were worsened by the current accident, and new complaints caused by the current accident.
 - B. most severe, moderately severe, less severe.
 - C. least difficult, moderately difficult, most severe.
 - D. least sever, moderately severe, most severe.

7. The most important aspects of complaints to be documented are the following:
- A. frequency, duration, and severity.
 - B. all of frequency, duration, and severity, and all are individually compared both prior to and after the given accident.
 - C. who's at fault, and who is not at fault.
 - D. who's at fault, and who is not at fault, both comparing prior to and after the given accident.
8. Which of the following subluxation diagnosis codes is traumatic and therefore appropriate to use in an automobile accident case?
- A. 839.20 B. 739.1 C. 739.3 D. 739.4
9. Which of the following answers have all true statements in reference to an automobile accident case?
- A. list only 4 diagnoses, put underlying conditions first, do not use appropriate adjectives.
 - B. list all pertinent diagnoses, put the most severe diagnoses first, use appropriate adjectives.
 - C. list only 1 diagnosis, list neurological diagnoses first, list traumatic diagnoses after neurological diagnoses.
 - D. list all pertinent diagnoses, put the least severe diagnoses first, use appropriate adjectives.
10. Fill-in Question. A DC should not only inquire as to other health care providers a patient has seen, but also _____ records that are pertinent to the care provided to the patient by the DC.
11. For a personal injury patient, re-examinations should be performed
- A. only if requested by the patient.
 - B. upon a significant change in symptoms, a subsequent injury, and upon release of care.
 - C. only if the doctor feels they need to perform a re-examination.
 - D. once in a blue moon.
12. Medications prescribed by other health care providers for injuries sustained in an accident should be
- A. differentiated from prescribed medicines not related to the accident.
 - B. ignored.
 - C. only documented if the doctor has the time to do that.
 - D. only documented if the patient requests the doctor to do that.
13. Which of the answers have all their statements being true?
- A. There is no justification for taking x-rays when there are some in existence; radiographs should be taken with the patient in a standing, weight bearing position; edema in fractured bones cannot be visualized.
 - B. The position of the patient's head and neck can be important in determining which plain film x-ray radiographs to be obtained; radiographs should be obtained with the patient in a standing, weight bearing position; edema in bones is best visualized with the MRI STIR view.
 - C. MRIs should be obtained prior to plain film x-ray radiographs; plain film x-ray radiographs are best obtained with the patient in a supine position; edema in bones is best visualized with the MRI STIR view.
 - D. This can be justification for taking x-rays when there are some in existence; radiographs should always be taken with the patient in a supine position; edema in bones cannot be visualized.
14. Fill in the blank: The most important malingering test is _____ because it is objective.
- A. Mankopf's test B. Burn's bench test
 - C. Hoover's test D. Superficial palpation test
15. Fill-in Question. Losses of enjoyment of life are those activities the patient _____ perform at all, whether temporary or permanent.
16. Past care is all care that has been rendered to
- A. the present time B. future time C. 4 wks ago D. 12 wks previously

17. _____ care is all care that will occur after the date of the narrative report.

- A. Past B. Future C. Present D. Provocative

18. Stating an estimate of the percentage of symptoms resolved for each diagnosis, a list of the residual symptoms still occurring at the time of writing, and the likelihood of further resolution is known as a

- A. guess B. prognosis C. wish D. hope

19. Which of the following is the best answer?

- A. Susceptibility to re-injury is a statement explaining why the patient got hurt in the present accident.
B. An explanation for extended care is necessary only when the length of time and/or the amount of the bill for care rendered to a patient is greater than would typically be expected.
C. A signed and dated certification statement has no purpose.
D. There is never a need for a narrative report.

20. Fill-in Question. Generally, a narrative report detailing the information described in this writing is usually only needed when a patient has a _____ party insurance case involving an accident.

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Be Well

Marcus Strutz DC

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